

KIM CONSTRUCTIVE CONVERSATIONS MODEL

Individualized Assessment & Training Plan (IATP)

The IATP is a personalized approach to having constructive conversations about difficult topics. It aligns with the 8 steps of the Kim Constructive Conversations Model (KCCM) and highlights one's unique strengths and challenges. It should ideally be completed just prior to or during training of the KCCM, or as an accompaniment to the book *It's Time to Talk (and Listen): How to Have Constructive Conversations About Race, Class, Sexuality, Ability, and Gender in a Polarized World* (Kim & del Prado, 2019).

Gender in a Polarized World (Kim & del Pra	Gender in a Polarized World (Kim & del Prado, 2019).		
Name:	Date:		
Why are you motivated to learn how to h	nave constructive conversations?		
Barriers: Fear			
balliers, real			
One of the most common barriers is fear. T	g constructive conversations about difficult topics. he more you are aware about what makes you er prepared you will be to engage constructively		
What fear(s) gets in your way of having difficult conversations?			
☐ saying the wrong thing	☐ being exposed		
\square not knowing what to say	□ uncertainty		
☐ conflict	☐ being judged		
☐ hurting others' feelings	☐ being invalidated/rejected		
☐ looking foolish	☐ being vulnerable		
☐ retaliation	☐ being abandoned		
☐ losing control	□ violence/death		



I	☐ losing a job/promotion	☐ losing status/respect
I	☐ losing hope	☐ triggering old/raw wounds
ı	☐ losing a friendship	□ others
	·	
Difficu	ılt Topics	
factor partic	Il difficult topics have the same impact on e rs including personal identities and experien- cularly challenging or feel passionate about onverse about them.	ces. Knowing which topic(s) you find
\Diamond	What topic(s) are most difficult for you to ta different opinions, experiences, or identitie	
	☐ race/ethnicity	☐ police/military violence
	☐ gender	□ climate change
	□ social class (poverty, wealth)	☐ human rights/humanitarian crisis
	□ sexuality	☐ health care
	☐ ability/disability	☐ immigration
	☐ religion/spirituality	☐ education
	☐ age/generation	□ others
♦	In what type(s) of relationship do you have conversations?	the most challenging time having difficult
	□ boss/supervisors/managers	grandparents
	☐ co-workers/colleagues	☐ other relatives
	☐ supervisees/employees/students	☐ friends
	□ parents	□ neighbors
	☐ romantic partners/spouses	□ strangers
	□ children	☐ community groups (e.g., places of
	□ others	worship, social clubs, etc.)



Emotions

Emotions (our own and others) play a big role in difficult conversations. What role do they play in how you communicate?

\Q		nen I find myself in emotionally uncomfortable or challenging situations with others, pically (Check all that apply)
		freeze
		fight
		flee
		relax (I got this!)
		other
◊	WI	hen I am emotionally dysregulated (e.g., angry, anxious, etc.)
	0	I am aware of what I am feeling.
		□ Never
		□ Rarely
		☐ Sometimes
		☐ Often
		□ Always
	0	I am aware of <u>why</u> I am emotionally dysregulated. ☐ Never
		☐ Rarely
		□ Sometimes
		□ Often
		□ Always
	0	I can <u>accept</u> my emotions without judgment.
		☐ Rarely
		☐ Sometimes
		☐ Often



	☐ Always		
o 1	am able to <u>respond min</u> Never Rarely Sometimes Often Always	<u>dfully</u> instead of react impulsi ^v	vely.
♦ How	☐ Act on them	ntly to myself t for it to pass	
_		bout difficult topics require the your emotions, so that they	
Core Value	es		
the way.	significantly help you sta	y aligned with your goals, esp	ecially when barriers get in
□ fc □ in	ourage ortitude tegrity rudence	□ compassion□ honesty□ dignity□ generosity	☐ faith ☐ humility ☐ forgiveness ☐ self-control



	□ grace	☐ gratitude	□ respect
	□ openness	☐ trust	□ wisdom
	□ honor	□ empathy	□ mercy
	□ loyalty	□love	□ justice
	☐ tenacity	□ commitment	☐ patience
	□ cooperation	□ others	
		that personally resonate can a ny that you find grounding to nyour goals.	
Settin	g the Stage - Openers		
Effect	ive openers are important to	setting the stage for construc	tive conversations.
\Diamond	Which opener(s) most reson	ates with you?	
	☐ "I'd like to take a risk and	share something"	
	\square "This is hard, but I'm hope	ful that we can talk about it	."
	☐ "I feel confident that we	can talk openly about what ju	ust happened"
	\square "I have faith that we can	talk through this"	
	☐ "Although we feel different out"	ntly about this issue, I hope we	e can hear each other
	Others		



Communications Styles

Communicating is much more than verbal exchanges. <u>How</u> we communicate can make just as much of a difference, if not more, than words alone.

♦ In general, what communication style(s) are you most familiar/comfortable with?

1 Quiet	2	3	4	5 Loud
1 No eye contact	2	3	4	5 Direct eye contac
1 Non-expressive face	2	3	4	5 Very expressive face
1 Flat tone	2	3	4	5 Animated tone
1 Far (personal space)	2	3	4 C	5 lose (personal space)
1 Low energy	2	3	4	5 High energy
Other:				



1 Quiet	2	3	4	5 Loud
1 No eye contact	2	3	4	5 Direct eye contact
1 on-expressive face	2	3	4	5 Very expressive face
1 Flat tone	2	3	4	5 Animated tone
1 ar (personal space)	2	3	4 CI	5 lose (personal space)
1 Low energy	2	3	4	5 High energy
Other:			-	
_		e to change their c it made you unco		style (e.g., volume,
☐ Yes, all the time			s, occasionally	
□ No, but I consid			ever felt the nee	ed to
☐ No, the though	THEVER CLOSSE	eumy		



Limited understanding of and intolerance for diverse communication styles can put you at a great disadvantage. By contrast, expanding your understanding, tolerance, and flexibility can significantly enhance your communication efficacy.

	Communicating	Difficult	Content
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		Good: 75-90% accuracy of content, tone, affect, intention
		Excellent: 90-100% accuracy of content, tone, affect, intention
\Diamond		/hich of the following have you ever done while "listening" to someone give you ifficult feedback? (Check all that apply)
] Interrupt
		Prepare your perspective/rebuttal
		React defensively with non-verbal language
		Argue back silently
		Argue back out loud
		Tune out/ignore/distract yourself
		l Leave/walk away
] Others
		eading with these "listening" behaviors can significantly compromise your ommunication efficacy.
\Diamond		hich of the following describes how you generally listen during difficult onversations? (Check all that apply)
		Listen with full attention
		Listen to understand (this doesn't necessarily mean agreement)
		Listen for intention
		Listen for accuracy of content and (cultural) meaning
		Lean into hearing difficult content
		1 Others
		eading with these <u>constructive</u> listening skills can significantly amplify your ommunication efficacy.
\Diamond	Wa	ant more information about your listening skills?
	0	Ask a trusted friend/family member for honest feedback. Listen to a news anchor, commentator, or personality you are unfavorable toward. Then go back and answer the above questions. Were you able to listen deeply,

fully, accurately, for intention, and to understand? If not, what got in the way?



Responding

How you receive and respond to difficult feedback matters greatly in having constructive conversations.

\Diamond	In general, how do you respond to difficult feedback? (Check all that apply)
	☐ Thank the person who just shared the difficult feedback; you genuinely feel grateful for their honesty.
	☐ Refute/challenge the feedback.
	☐ Say nothing and end the conversation as soon as possible.
	☐ Immediately walk away.
	☐ Acknowledge the difficult feedback you just received (e.g., "So it sounds like you are upset with me about")
	☐ Express appreciation because you know giving difficult feedback is not easy.
	\square Make a mental note to not engage with the person in the future.
	☐ Tell the person off.
	☐ Ask the person to elaborate because you want to learn more.
	□ Others
	ending in ways to enhance communication efficacy, even when discussing difficult s, is possible. This involves highlighting appreciation, acknowledgment, impact, and
topics hope	onding in ways to enhance communication efficacy, even when discussing difficult is, is possible. This involves highlighting appreciation, acknowledgment, impact, and Which of the following statement(s) about appreciating the speaker most resonates with you?
topics hope	onding in ways to enhance communication efficacy, even when discussing difficult is, is possible. This involves highlighting appreciation, acknowledgment, impact, and Which of the following statement(s) about appreciating the speaker most resonates with you? "Thank you for your willingness to talk with me about this."
topics hope	which of the following statement(s) about appreciating the speaker most resonates with you? "Thank you for your willingness to talk with me about this." "I know this isn't easy to talk about. Thank you."
topics hope	onding in ways to enhance communication efficacy, even when discussing difficult is, is possible. This involves highlighting appreciation, acknowledgment, impact, and Which of the following statement(s) about appreciating the speaker most resonates with you? "Thank you for your willingness to talk with me about this."

resonates with you?



	☐ "What I heard you say was"
	☐ "If I understood you correctly, you feel that"
	□ "It sounds like you"
	☐ "It seems that from your perspective,
	☐ I misunderstood you"
	☐ I made an insensitive comment"
	☐ Your co-worker/supervisor perpetrated a microaggression"
	☐ You experienced my comment as racist/sexist/heterosexist/etc."
	☐ Others
 	How might you share the <u>impact</u> that the difficult feedback had on you?
	☐ "I" statements
	☐ Share your vulnerable feelings (e.g., hurt, afraid, disappointed, concerned, surprised, etc.)
	□ Examples: "I was upset by what you said about"; "That wasn't what I intended, but I'm sorry it was so sensitive"□ Others
\(\)	Which of the following statement(s) about <a can="" coffee="" continue="" grab="" href="https://www.nobe.new.nobe.new.nobe.new.nobe.new.nobe.new.new.new.new.new.new.new.new.new.ne</th></tr><tr><td></td><td>☐ " left="" maybe="" next="" off?"<="" td="" to="" we="" week="" where="">
	\square "I think this conversation is too important for us to stop here. I hope we can do this again soon."
	$\hfill\square$ "I hope we can continue to have more honest conversations moving forward."
	\square "What you shared is important and I'd like to think more about it."
	☐ "This was really hard. It was also important. I'd like to get back to you after I reflect some more on what we discussed."
	□ Others



Reflect, Rework, Repeat

Developing any new skill requires time and practice – to reflect, rework, and repeat again and again until it becomes a habit.

\(\)	In general, after having a difficult conversation, do you take time to <u>reflect</u> on what just happened?
	□ Never
	□ Rarely
	☐ Sometimes
	☐ Often
	□ Always
\(\)	In general, after having a difficult conversation, do you take time to <u>rework</u> any missteps?
	□ Never
	□ Rarely
	□ Sometimes
	☐ Often
	□ Always
\Diamond	In general, after having a difficult conversation, do you take time to repeat/practice the same/similar conversations later?
	□ Never
	□ Rarely
	☐ Sometimes
	☐ Often
	□ Always



Kim Constructive Conversations Model: 8 Steps

The above domains align with the 8 steps of the Kim Constructive Conversations Model (KCCM). Informed by evidence-based theories and tools, the KCCM emphasizes the following: understanding barriers to constructive conversations, self-awareness and regulation, values as anchors, personal skills development, and healing in relationship connection.

- Step 1: Identify your **goal**
- Step 2: Locate and acknowledge any barriers
- Step 3: Anchor in personal core values
- Step 4: Set the stage openers
- Step 5: Take **action** highlight the relationship connection, your experience, and invitation to engage
- Step 6: **Listen** deeply, with full attention, to understand, and for underlying intentions
- Step 7: Respond emphasize appreciation, acknowledgement, impact, and hope
- Step 8: Repeat reflect, rework, and repeat

Which ones do you find challenging and require more work?					



Individualized Plan

Using the aggregate of your responses above, develop a personalized plan for how you will learn, practice, and enhance your efficacy in having constructive conversations about difficult topics using the KCCM.

\Diamond	What can you try out immediately? With whom? On what topic(s)?
\Diamond	What might get in your way?
\Diamond	How will you stay accountable?

♦ **Bonus Challenge**: Immediately reach out to someone with whom you have been intending to have a difficult conversation and schedule a time to talk (and listen).